



ST. ANNE'S C.E.(VC) PRIMARY SCHOOL

RELATIONSHIPS EDUCATION POLICY 'Together with God, Making Learning a Life Long Friend'

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At St Anne's Church of England Primary School, we believe that every child is unique and special and valued by God.

Our Vision

We aspire to be guided in all that we do by our inclusive Christian ethos. We are enthusiastic about life-long learning and share wisdom in serving each other and our world. We encourage all to live lives of hope and aspiration, inspired through acquiring new skills and attributes. Dignity and respect are at the heart of our school.

Our motto and values are built on the pillars of our inclusive Christian ethos and underlying principles of St Anne's Primary School.

Together with God, Making Learning a Life-Long Friend

Start children off on the way they should go and even when they are old they will not turn from it. (Proverbs 22:6)

1. Aims and Principles

Our Christian values underpin our ethos; every child is valued and encouraged to achieve their full potential. Every member of our school community is encouraged to respect and value each other. Wherever possible we make close links between our values, worship and RSE curriculum.

Our school is committed to serving its community and surrounding areas. We recognise the multi-cultural, multi faith and ever-changing nature of the United Kingdom, and therefore those we serve. We also understand the vital role we have in ensuring that groups or individuals within the school are not subjected to intimidation or radicalisation by those wishing to unduly, or illegally, influence them. At our school we embrace the British Values of: Democracy, The rule of law, Individual liberty, Mutual respect and Tolerance of those of different faiths and beliefs.

We want our children to learn to understand and respect our common humanity, diversity and differences so that they can go on to form the effective, fulfilling relationships that are an essential part of life and learning.

The aims of relationships and sex education (RSE) at St Anne's C.E. Primary School are to:

- To understand about the range of relationships, including the importance of family for the care and support of children and one another
- To have the confidence and self-esteem to value themselves and others; helping pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- To develop confidence in talking, listening and thinking about feelings and relationships
- To be able to name parts of the body and describe how their bodies work
- Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- To understand the consequences of their actions and behave responsibly within relationships
- Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- To be able to recognise unsafe situations and be able to protect themselves and ask for help and support
- To understand the role, the media plays in forming attitudes
- To understand how safe routines can reduce the spread of viruses
 These aims also compliment those of the Science curriculum in KS1 and KS2. (Appendix 4)

We recognise that Relationships and Sex Education is a highly sensitive subject but we firmly believe that effective RSE can make a significant contribution to the development of the personal skills needed by pupils if they are to establish and maintain healthy relationships. It also enables children and young people to make responsible and informed decisions about their health and well-being.

As a Church of England school, we will teach within a framework of Christian values and the Christian understanding that sex is a gift of God as part of creation. Whilst we use relationships and sex education to inform children about sexual issues, we do this with regard to matters of morality and individual responsibility, and in a way that allows children to ask and explore moral questions. Sensitivity and respect will be shown to all children when teaching about personal relationships and sex education and RSE is taught in a way to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home/personal circumstances.

Our RSE teaching and learning is set within a context that is consistent with the school's Christian ethos and values:

- It is based on inclusive Christian principles and values
- It is taught in the light of the belief in the absolute worth of all people and the unconditional infinite love of God.
- It reflects that sex is a gift from God: a human longing for an intimate union.
- It is sensitive to the circumstances of all children and is mindful of the expressions of family life in our culture, yet it should also uphold the Church of England values regarding relationships and marriage.
- Issues regarding human sexuality should be addressed sensitively.
- The exploration of reproduction and sexual behaviour within the science curriculum should stand alongside the exploration of relationships, values and morals and Christian belief.

2. Statutory requirements

St Anne's C.E. Primary School is a maintained primary school (through Staffordshire Local Education Authority) and <u>we must provide relationships education</u> to all pupils as per section 34 of the <u>Children and Social work act 2017</u>.

However, we are not required to provide sex education but we do need to teach the elements of sex education contained in the science curriculum. (see appendix 4)

In teaching RSE, we must have regard to <u>quidance</u> issued by the secretary of state as outlined in section 403 of the <u>Education Act 1996</u>.

At St Anne's C.E. Primary School we teach RSE as set out in this policy.

3. Policy development

This policy has been developed with engagement from staff, pupils and parents. The engagement and policy development process involved the following steps:

- -The RSE Leadership Team consisting of the P.S.H.E. lead, R.E. lead, Science lead and Headteacher consulted all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance
- -Staff consultation all school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations
- -Parent/carers engagement meeting parents and any interested parties were invited to attend a meeting about the policy. The schools' Parent forum were also engaged in the creation of this policy.
- -Ratification once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified

4. Definition

RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity. RSE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values. RSE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.

5. Curriculum

Our curriculum is set out as per Appendices 1 and 2, but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary.

We have developed the curriculum in consultation with parents, pupils and staff, taking into account the age, needs and feelings of pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so they are fully informed and don't seek answers online.

Whilst Primary sex education is not compulsory in primary schools, St Anne's C.E. Primary School has decided to provide some additional content on sex education (see Appendix 2) to meet the needs of our pupils.

Primary sex education will focus on:

• Preparing boys and girls for the changes that adolescence brings

For more information about our curriculum, see our curriculum overview in Appendix 1.

6. Delivery of RSE

RSE is taught within the personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education curriculum. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the science curriculum, and other aspects are included in Religious Education (RE) and / or within Worship.

Relationships education focuses on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships including:

- > Families and people who care for me
- > Caring friendships
- Respectful relationships
- Online relationships
- > Being safe

For more information about our RSE curriculum, see Appendices 1 and 2.

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures) along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers).

7. Roles and responsibilities

7.1 The governing board

The governing board will approve the RSE policy, and hold the Headteacher to account for its implementation.

7.2 The Headteacher

The Headteacher is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from [non-statutory/non-science] components of RSE (see section 8).

7.3 Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- Delivering RSE in a sensitive way
- Modelling positive attitudes to RSE
- Monitoring progress
- Responding to the needs of individual pupils
- Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the [non-statutory/non-science] components of RSE

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the Headteacher. All staff have received training on the delivery and more training is accessible should staff feel that it is appropriate.

The members of staff responsible for leading RSE at St Anne's C.E. Primary School is Mrs Hannah Bowcock and Mr Edward Hobson.

The governor with a responsibility for RSE at St Anne's C.E. Primary School is Dr Sarah Rose.

Teachers will reply to, and answer, children's questions sensitively and openly. They will ensure that balanced information is provided which will take into account the different faiths' views and avoid any negative impressions.

Teachers will need to answer questions that may arise through the direct teaching of sex education, as well as those that may be asked at other times. All questions will be handled sensitively and set within a general context.

Questions which teachers feel uncertain about answering should be discussed with a senior member of staff and answered at a later date. Consideration should be given to religious or cultural factors, and to parents' wishes before questions are answered.

If the teacher decides to discuss the matter on an individual basis, a record must be kept of that discussion.

7.4 Pupils

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

7.5 The Role of Other Members of the Community

The school liaises with external agencies regarding the school RSE programme, and ensures that all adults who work with children on these issues are aware of the school policy, and that they work within this framework.

We encourage other valued members of the community to work with us to provide advice and support to the children with regard to health education. In particular, members of the Local Health Authority, such as the school nurse and other health professionals, give us valuable support with our sex education programme. Health professionals are expected to work within the school's RSE policy and on the instructions of Headteacher.

All sessions run by a visiting speaker should also be attended by a teacher familiar with the policy.

8. Parents' Right To Withdraw

The school is well aware that the primary role in children's sex education lies with parents and carers. We wish to build a positive and supporting relationship with the parents of children at our school through mutual understanding, trust and co-operation.

In promoting this objective, we:

- inform parents about the school's relationships and sex education policy and practice;
- answer any questions that parents may have about the sex education of their child;
- take seriously any issue that parents raise with teachers or governors about this
 policy or the arrangements for RSE in the school;
- encourage parents to be involved in reviewing the school policy and making modifications to it as necessary;
- inform parents about the best practice known with regard to RSE, so that the teaching in school supports the key messages that we hope parents and carers

give to children at home. We believe that, through this mutual exchange of knowledge and information, children will benefit from being given consistent messages about their changing body and their increasing responsibilities.

Parents do not have the right to withdraw their children from relationships education. Parents have the right to withdraw their children from the [non-statutory/non-science] components of sex education within RSE. These aspects can be found within the overview in Appendix 2. Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 5 of this policy and addressed to the Headteacher. Alternative work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from sex education.

Whenever more sensitive or specific aspects of this work are covered it is important to notify parents and carers. Many are comfortable with the school taking the lead on planned learning, but want to be prepared to answer their children's subsequent questions or simply talk together about their children's learning. Whenever more sensitive or specific aspects of this work are covered it is important to notify parents and carers. We will notify parents when particular aspects of sex education will be taught.

9. Confidentiality

Sex education lessons will be taught in a sensitive manner by a qualified teacher. However, if a child makes a reference to being involved, or likely to be involved in sexual activity, then the teacher will take the matter seriously and deal with it as a matter of child protection. Teachers will respond in a similar way if a child indicates that they may have been a victim of abuse. In these circumstances, the teacher will talk to the child as a matter of urgency. If the teacher has concerns, they will draw these to the attention of the designated person responsible for child protection, or the Head Teacher.

Legally, the school cannot offer or guarantee absolute confidentiality. We aim to ensure that pupils' best interests are maintained and try to encourage pupils to talk to their parents or carers to provide support. If confidentiality has to be broken, then pupils are informed first and then supported by the designated teacher throughout the whole process.

10. Training

Staff are trained on the delivery of RSE as part of their induction and it is included in our continuing professional development calendar.

The Headteacher will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSE.

11. Special Needs

Pupils with special educational needs will be given the opportunity to fully participate in RSE lessons, and a differentiated programme will be provided where necessary, to ensure that all pupils gain a full understanding.

12. Equal Opportunities

RSE will be given to ensure quality of access for all pupils, regardless of gender, race or disability, so giving equal opportunities and avoiding discrimination.

13. Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of RSE is monitored by Mrs Hannah Bowcock (PSHE lead) and Mr Edward Hobson (Headteacher) through:

planning scrutinies; learning walks; pupil voice discussions; work scrutinies as in line with the St Anne's School Improvement Timeline.

Pupils' development in RSE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed by Mr Edward Hobson annually. At every review, the policy will be approved by St Anne's C.E. Primary School Governing Body

Further Policies

In conjunction with this policy, please also see:

- Behaviour Policy
- Safeguarding Policy
- Anti-bullying Policy
- Confidentiality procedures
- Science Policy
- P.E. Policy
- R.E. Policy
- P.S.H.E. Policy
- Drugs Policy

Appendix 1: Curriculum Overview

St Anne's C.E Primary School has chosen the Entrust Scheme of Work to help meet its needs for the RSE curriculum. This scheme came about as a result of requests from schools to draw together best practice guidance in PSHE education and Citizenship. The scheme is divided up into year groups and six topic areas are covered each year.

The six topics are: -

- Me and my School
- Me and my Relationships
- Happy and Healthy Me
- Me and my Safety
- Me and Other People
- Me in the World

In order to teach appropriate PSHE education it is highly recommended that this Scheme of Work is used as a basis for planning and that lessons are adapted to suit the needs of the children in your school. When the Scheme of work is first introduced it may be necessary to use activities from a lower year group.

The Scheme of Work was originally written before the statutory implementation of Relationships Education and Health Education. In the light of this the Scheme has been reviewed and updated. Links to the new guidance are included in all the relevant units and an overview map is included below. Where areas previously included in the scheme are not part of the statutory guidance reference is made to the previous National Curriculum. These areas are still considered to be good practice to teach and will support children's personal development and contribute to the other statutory areas outlined above such as Prevent.

St Anne's C.E. Primary School Curriculum Overview

	Me and My School	Happy and Healthy Me	Me in the World	Me and My Safety	Me and My relationships	Me and Other People
Foundation Stage Reception	Getting to know my school Who is in my class Adults in school My classroom The school building	 Hand washing Healthy eating Teeth Medicines Being happy 	Transition	 Safety in the classroom Safety in school Safety in the playground People who help us keep safe 	Being a good friend Who is in my family Different types of family	 Celebrating special events Same and different
	Autumn 1	Spring 2	Summer 2	Spring 1	Autumn 2	Summer 1
Key Stage 1 Year 1	Class rules School Council Making choices Compromise Skills of a representative Own skills in relation to School Council Class meetings	My body Parts of the body Changing needs Influences on health and wellbeing Likes and dislikes Consequences of choices Emotional health	Pets and animals Likes and dislikes Right and wrong Needs of animals Fair and unfair Human needs	 Medicines Identifying risks and ways to stop accidents happening People who help us Road safety - keeping safe near the road and in the car 	 Valuing themselves Family - different types Friendship skills Good and bad friendships Making choices 	 My identity Groups belong to Bullying
Year 2	Class rules why have rules School Council How it works Role of a representative Class council meeting Feelings Name feelings Dealing with feelings including negative ones	 Body parts Personal hygiene Spread of germs and diseases Balanced diet Healthy lunchbox 	Positive and negatives of the local area Discussion Role in improving area Money Sources of money Uses of money Keeping money safe Making choices	Safe and unsafe: - Things e.g. medicines and household substances Places e.g. roads People i.e. safe and unsafe touches, feeling comfortable/uncomfort able, secrets and surprises	 Working together Behaviour and impact on others Resolving conflict Teasing and bullying Changing relationships 	 Similarities and differences between boys and girls Different types of families Race and religion

	Me and My School	Happy and Healthy Me	Me in the World	Me and My Safety	Me and My relationships	Me and Other People
Key	 Class rules 	Balanced diet	 Managing money 	 What is risk 	Differences between boys and girls	 My identity
ř	 New challenges 	 Impact of healthy 	Good value	 Road Safety 	(physical, emotional and social)	 My community - school
Stage	 Valuing themselves 	diet	 Resource allocation 	 Pressure 	• Families	and local
2	 School Council 	 Making choices 		 Safe and unsafe 	• Choices	 Similarities and
Year 3				touches	 Friendships 	differences in
754. 5					Arguments	community
					Choices and influences	
Year 4	 Class rules 	 What keeps me 	 Rights and 	 Safety in school 	Life cycles in animals	 Similarities and
	 Role of School 	healthy?	responsibilities	 Responsibilities for my 	Changes experienced	differences
	Council rep	What can make me ill	 Rights of the Child 	safety and the safety	Introduction to puberty	 Communities including
	 Jobs on the School 	- bacteria and viruses	 Jobs and duties 	of others	 Feelings and emotions 	Britain
	Council	 Drugs - medicines and 		 E safety 	Good and bad touches	 Respect and tolerance
	 Class council 	Tobacco			Private parts	
	 My strengths and 	 Good and bad habits 			 Scenarios around physical contact 	
	weaknesses				Bad secrets	
					• Loss	
					Violence in relationships	
Year 5	 My achievements 	 Physical health 	 How are laws made in 	When do I feel unsafe	Changes in boys and girls	 Identities in the UK
	 My goals 	 Emotional health 	the UK	How can I deal with this	 Menstruation/Periods 	 Celebration of
	 School Council rep 	What can affect our	 Parliament 	 Pressure including peer 	Realities and myths about periods	diversity
	 Class rules 	health including the	Public money	pressure	 Provision in school for periods 	 Racism
		media	 Personal money - 	 Getting help 	Gender stereotypes	
		How will my body	loans, debt and		Hygiene	
		change as I grow up	interest		 Relationships 	
					• Love	
					 What makes a good partner? 	
					 Unhealthy relationships 	
					Pressure	
Year 6	 Class rules 	 Internal sexual organs 	 Environment and 	 Drugs - solvents and 	Changing friendships and	Diverse nature of UK
	 Opportunities and 	 Menstruation 	Sustainability	alcohol	relationships	 Life in other countries
	challenges of Y6	 Conception 	 Pressure groups and 	 Pressure related to 		 Stereotypes
	School Council	 Gender stereotypes 	charities	drug use		 Challenging
	 My contribution to 			 Strategies for making 		stereotypes
	my school			decisions and saying no		

Appendix 2: RSE in the St Anne's C.E. Primary School (Entrust) Scheme of Work

This document summarises the main RSE content in the Entrust Scheme of Work.

This has also been mapped against the statutory guidance for relationships education (REd), health education (H Ed) the Science (Sc) national curriculum and those which might be considered Sex education (S Ed).

In Primary school's sex education is not statutory however within the guidance the Department for Education "continues to recommend therefore that all primary schools should have a sex education programme tailored to the age and the physical and emotional maturity of the pupils. It should ensure that both boys and girls are prepared for the changes that adolescence brings and - drawing on knowledge of the human life cycle set out in the national curriculum for science - how a baby is conceived and born"

The Science National Curriculum for Year 1 requires schools to teach the names of external parts of the body. The Sex Education Forum recommends that this includes external genitalia. This is vital for safeguarding as it gives children the language to describe the private parts of their body and to seek help if they are abused. Within this scheme this vocabulary is introduced in Year 2 and St Anne's C.E. Primary School have decided to introduce in this year group.

Vocabulary and content which may be considered as sex education are highlighted in bold.

Within Year 5 and 6 vocabulary relating to the sexual body parts are part of the learning about puberty and the "changing adolescent body". These are part of the health education curriculum and therefore have to be taught to all children and there is no parental right to withdraw.

Year	Theme	Key concepts	Vocabulary	R	Н	Sc	5
				Ed	Ed		Ed
FS	Me and my Relationships	Friends Families	Friend, like, sharing, caring, listening, understanding, fun, family, different, same, mum, dad, step mum, step dad, brother, sister, grandparent, auntie, uncle, cousin	У			
1	Happy and Healthy Me	Parts of the body Changes from baby to adult What can we do now and what can we do in the future	Head, neck, shoulders, arms, hands, fingers, legs, feet, toes, face, eyes, nose, mouth, ears, teeth, hair, knee elbow, child, teenager, elderly, change, needs, grow and develop	У		У	
	Me and My Relationships	Types of families Special people Friends Making choices	Family, relationship, different, similar, respect, care, love, look after like, trust, share, listen, help, talk, kind, good friend and choice	У			
2	Happy and Healthy Me	Parts of the body Germs and diseases	Nipples, penis, testicles, (labelling parts of the body) clean, dirty, hygiene, washing, infection, disease, germ, spread, catch, illness, stop, cover, nurse, doctor and pharmacist	У	У		У
	Me and My Relationships	Getting on with others Dealing with conflict Teasing and bullying Changing relationships	Behaviour, affect, others, sharing, taking turns, helping, rules, fair, unfair, right, wrong, kind, unkind, special, change, loss, happy, sad, angry, remember, talk and share	У			
	Me and My Safety	Keeping safe in relation to people Surprises and secrets	Safe, unsafe, comfortable, uncomfortable, acceptable, unacceptable, secret, surprise, tell, no and stop	У			
	Me and Other People	Differences between boys and girls (not physical) Gender stereotypes Stonewall - Same Love Different Families	Boy, girl, male, female, family, same, different and similar	У			

Year	Theme	Key concepts	Vocabulary	R	Н	Sc	5
				Ed	Ed		Ed
3	Me and My Relationships	Differences between boys and girls (physical, emotional and social) Families Choices Friendships Arguments Choices and influences	Knee, elbow, shoulder, wrist, ankle, stomach, heart, lungs, brain, tongue penis, testicles, vagina (labelling parts of the body) male, female, boy, girl, changes, physical, emotional, social, teenager, family, parent, carer, partner, mum, dad, grandparents, step mum and step dad	У	У		У
	Me and My Safety	Physical contact - acceptable and not acceptable Dealing with physical contact NSPCC PANTs resource	Acceptable, unacceptable, depends, worried, hurt, upset, tell, good secret, bad secret and surprise,	У			
4	Happy and Healthy Me	Illness Spread of disease	Bacteria, virus, germs Ill, unwell, spread stop and hygiene		У		
	Me and My Relationships	Life cycles in animals Changes experienced Introduction to puberty Feelings and emotions Good and bad touches Private parts Scenarios around physical contact Bad secrets Loss Violence in relationships	Life cycle, grow, change, mature, develop, puberty, body processes, inevitable, grow, bigger, taller, heavier, stronger, change, developing, feelings, emotions, moods, relationships, safe, unsafe, comfortable, uncomfortable, private, acceptable, unacceptable feelings, loss, separated, died, relief, regret, remember, support, share, violence, enemy and responsibility	У	У	У	
	Me and My Safety	Hazards online including relationships on line	On line, passwords, personal information, CEOP button and secret	У			

5	Me and My Relationships	Changes in boys and girls Menstruation/Periods Realities and myths about periods Provision in school for periods Gender stereotypes Hygiene Relationships Love What makes a good partner? Unhealthy relationships Pressure	Puberty, menstruation (period), ovary, ovum, fallopian tubes, womb, vagina, labia, vulva, clitoris, breasts, monthly, sanitary towels, tampons, stereotype, gender, individuals, expectations, discrimination, change, personal hygiene, hormones, bacteria, sweat, perspire, greasy, odour, toiletries, relationships, love, partner, marry, marriage, secret, risk and responsibility	У	У		
6	Me and My Relationships	Concerns and worries NSPCC - In the Know	Puberty and feelings		У		
	Happy and Healthy Me	Internal sexual organs Menstruation Gender stereotypes	Puberty, emotional, physical, social, compromise, negotiate, reproductive organs, cervix, bladder, scrotum, sperm duct, urethra, sperm, egg, womb, penis, vagina, hips, testicles, baby, periods, breasts and ovaries	У	У	У	

Appendix 3: By the end of primary school pupils should know:

Primary Relationships

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW					
Families and people who care	That families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability					
about me	The characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives					
	• That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care					
	That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up					
	That marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong					
	How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed					
Caring friendships	How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends					
	• The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties					
	That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded					
	That most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right					
	How to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed					
Respectful relationships	The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs					
	Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships					
	The conventions of courtesy and manners					
	The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness					
	 That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority 					
	About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help					
	What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive					
	The importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults					

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW			
Online relationships	That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not			
	That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous			
	The rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them			
	How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met			
	How information and data is shared and used online			
Being safe	What sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context)			
	About the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe			
	That each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact			
	How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know			
	How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult			
	How to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard			
	How to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so			
	Where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources			

Primary Health Education

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Mental well- being	 that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations
	 how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings.
	 how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate
	• the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental wellbeing and happiness
	• simple self-care techniques, including the impact of relaxation, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests
	 isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support
	 that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental wellbeing
	 where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental wellbeing or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online).
	• it is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who do, the problems can resolve if the right support is made available and accessed, especially if they access support as early as possible

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Internet safety and harms	 that for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits about the benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing how to consider the effect of their online actions on others and know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted that the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health how to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online
Physical health and Fitness	 the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this, for example walking or cycling to school, a daily active mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise. the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity). how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health
Healthy Eating	 what constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories, and nutritional content). the principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals the characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health)
Drugs, Alcohol and Tobacco	the facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking
Health and Prevention	 how to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body. about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer the importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn about dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups to the dentist about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated and the importance of handwashing the facts and science relating to allergies, immunisation and vaccination
Basic First Aid	 know how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries
Changing Adolescent Body	 key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle

Appendix 4: Sex Education within the Science curriculum

Year 5:

Describe the changes as humans develop to old age

Describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird

Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals

learn about the changes experienced in puberty

find out about different types of reproduction, including sexual and asexual reproduction in plants, and sexual reproduction in animals

Appendix 5: Parent form: withdrawal from sex education within RSE

TO BE COMPLET	TED BY PARENTS						
Name of child		Class					
Name of parent		Date					
Reason for with	drawing from sex educatio	n within re	lationships and sex education				
Any other inforr	mation you would like the s	school to co	nsider				
Parent signature							
·							
TO BE COMPLETED BY THE SCHOOL							
Agreed actions from discussion with parents							